

Consumption & Treatment Services Fact Sheet



What is a CTS?

Consumption and Treatment Services (CTS) is an anonymous walk-in service offered 7 days per week for community members who use substances.

Services Provided at CTS Locations

- A space to consume substances under the supervision of a medical professional. In Guelph, the site includes four booths (photo above). Staff provide oversight and monitoring to ensure safety of individuals using the service.
- Distribution of harm reduction supplies, naloxone and the sharing of health education.
- Safe syringe disposal.
- Space for quiet activities, extending the length of supervision by trained staff.
- Foot and wound care, Hep C/HIV/STI screening and other medical assessments.
- · Access to drug testing technologies.
- Connection to income supports, housing and other social services
- Support and referrals to addiction treatment, primary care, mental health supports and other community resources.
- Access to 7 day/week walk-in virtual addiction medicine

Evidence

1. Supporting Substance Use Care & Treatment

A wide range of evidence shows that CTS facilities reduce overdose-related risks, promote safer drug use practices, and support people who use drugs to access treatment and other health services.¹

Health Canada data indicates that across all sites in Canada, there were 4,831,661 total visits and 515,718 referrals to health or social support services.²

2. Cost Savings

These services not only promote access to care, but also reduce healthcare costs.

A cost analysis conducted at Calgary's Safeworks Program found that 98% of overdoses were managed on-site. Over the program's duration, this resulted in total cost savings of over \$2.3 million by reducing the need for emergency department and ambulance services.

3. Reduced Public Drug Use

Safe consumption sites have been shown to effectively reduce public drug use by providing low-barrier spaces for individuals to consume substances.

A US study published in 2022 study found that 76% of individuals using overdose prevention centre services would have otherwise used drugs in public spaces, highlighting the centers' role in decreasing public drug use and improving community safety. 4

4. Safer Syringe Disposal

CTS are effective in reducing syringe litter in public areas.

Data from a 2021 study demonstrated that clients of the sites disposed of significantly fewer syringes in public areas. The average number of improperly disposed syringes over 30 days was 4 among individuals who used the site, compared to 10 among those who did not use the SCS.⁵

5. Reduction in Drug Poisoning Fatalities in Surrounding Neighborhoods

Research consistently shows that CTS play a crucial role in reducing fatalities.

For example, a 2024 study published in the Lancet found that neighborhoods within 500 meters of an site in Toronto experienced a 67% reduction in overdose mortality rates compared to those farther away.⁶

Guelph Community Health Centre CTS Data

- The Guelph CTS opened in May, 2018.
- Since opening, there have been over 41,000 visits to the CTS.
- Close to 1000 referrals have been made to primary care.
- In the past year, on average 44 people per month were connected to addiction treatments and supports.
- 311 drug poisonings have been reversed at the Guelph CTS since May 2018. Of these incidents, only 12 resulted in a transfer to the Emergency Department.
- There have been zero fatalities in the CTS.

References

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